MCP6241/2/4

50 µA, 550 kHz Rail-to-Rail Op Amp

Features

- Gain Bandwidth Product: 550 kHz (typ.)
- Supply Current: I_Q = 50 µA (typ.)
- Supply Voltage: 1.8V to 5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Extended Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Available in 5-pin SC-70 and SOT-23 packages

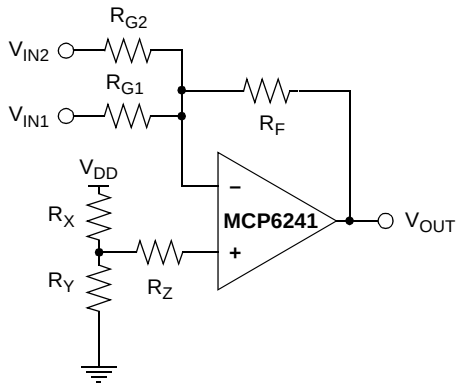
Applications

- Automotive
- Portable Equipment
- Photodiode (Transimpedance) Amplifier
- Analog Filters
- Notebooks and PDAs
- Battery-Powered Systems

Available Tools

- SPICE Macro Models (at www.microchip.com)
- FilterLab® Software (at www.microchip.com)

Typical Application



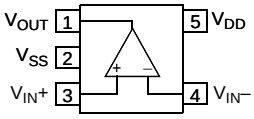
Summing Amplifier Circuit

Description

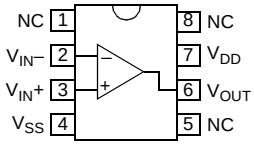
The Microchip Technology Inc. MCP6241/2/4 operational amplifiers (op amps) provide wide bandwidth for the quiescent current. The MCP6241/2/4 has a 550 kHz Gain Bandwidth Product (GBWP) and 68° (typ.) phase margin. This family operates from a single supply voltage as low as 1.8V, while drawing 50 µA (typ.) quiescent current. In addition, the MCP6241/2/4 family supports rail-to-rail input and output swing, with a common mode input voltage range of V_{DD} + 300 mV to V_{SS} – 300 mV. These op amps are designed in one of Microchip's advanced CMOS processes.

Package Types

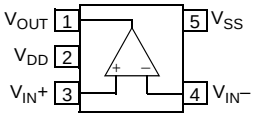
MCP6241
SOT-23-5



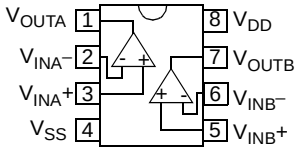
MCP6241
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP



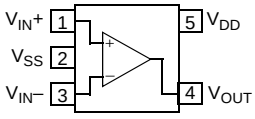
MCP6241R
SOT-23-5



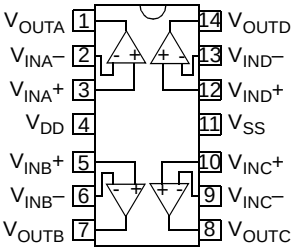
MCP6242
PDIP, SOIC, MSOP



MCP6241U
SC-70-5, SOT-23-5



MCP6244
PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ 7.0V
All Inputs and Outputs ..... $V_{SS} - 0.3V$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3V$
Difference Input Voltage ..... $|V_{DD} - V_{SS}|$
Output Short Circuit Current .....continuous
Current at Input Pins .....±2 mA
Current at Output and Supply Pins .....±30 mA
Storage Temperature.....-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J).....+150°C
ESD Protection On All Pins (HBM;MM) ..... ≥ 4 kV; 300V

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C, V_{DD} = +1.8V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, R_L = 100 kΩ to $V_{DD}/2$ and $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Input Offset						
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	-5.0	—	+5.0	mV	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$
Extended Temperature	V_{OS}	-7.0	—	+7.0	mV	T_A= -40°C to +125°C, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ **(Note)**
Input Offset Drift with Temperature	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T_A$	—	±3.0	—	µV/°C	T_A= -40°C to +125°C, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$
Power Supply Rejection	PSRR	—	83	—	dB	$V_{CM} = V_{SS}$
Input Bias Current and Impedance						
Input Bias Current:	I_B	—	±1.0	—	pA	
At Temperature	I_B	—	20	—	pA	T_A = +85°C
At Temperature	I_B	—	1100	—	pA	T_A = +125°C
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	—	±1.0	—	pA	
Common Mode Input Impedance	Z_{CM}	—	10^{13}||6	—	Ω||pF	
Differential Input Impedance	Z_{DIFF}	—	10^{13}||3	—	Ω||pF	
Common Mode						
Common Mode Input Range	V_{CMR}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	60	75	—	dB	V_{CM} = -0.3V to 5.3V, V_{DD} = 5V
Open-Loop Gain						
DC Open-Loop Gain (large signal)	A_{OL}	90	110	—	dB	V_{OUT} = 0.3V to $V_{DD} - 0.3V$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$
Output						
Maximum Output Voltage Swing	V_{OL}, V_{OH}	V_{SS} + 35	—	$V_{DD} - 35$	mV	R_L = 10 kΩ, 0.5V Output Overdrive
Output Short-Circuit Current	I_{SC}	—	±6	—	mA	V_{DD} = 1.8V
	I_{SC}	—	±23	—	mA	V_{DD} = 5.5V
Power Supply						
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	1.8	—	5.5	V	
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	I_Q	30	50	70	µA	I_O = 0, $V_{CM} = V_{DD} - 0.5V$

Note: The SC-70 package is only tested at +25°C.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C, V_{DD} = +1.8 to 5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, R_L = 10 kΩ to $V_{DD}/2$ and C_L = 60 pF.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
AC Response						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	—	550	—	kHz	
Phase Margin	PM	—	68	—	°	G = +1
Slew Rate	SR	—	0.30	—	V/µs	
Noise						
Input Noise Voltage	E_{ni}	—	10	—	μV_{P-P}	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
Input Noise Voltage Density	e_{ni}	—	45	—	nV/√Hz	f = 1 kHz
Input Noise Current Density	i_{ni}	—	0.6	—	fA/√Hz	f = 1 kHz

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, V_{DD} = +1.8V to +5.5V and V_{SS} = GND.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Temperature Ranges						
Extended Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-40	—	+125	°C	**(Note)**
Storage Temperature Range	T_A	-65	—	+150	°C	
Thermal Package Resistances						
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SC70	θ_{JA}	—	331	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 5L-SOT-23	θ_{JA}	—	256	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP	θ_{JA}	—	206	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	85	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	163	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-PDIP	θ_{JA}	—	70	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	—	120	—	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance, 14L-TSSOP	θ_{JA}	—	100	—	°C/W	

Note: The internal Junction Temperature (T_J) must not exceed the Absolute Maximum specification of +150°C.

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note:	The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C, V_{DD} = +1.8V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2, V_{OUT} ≈ V_{DD}/2, R_L = 100 kΩ to V_{DD}/2 and C_L = 60 pF.

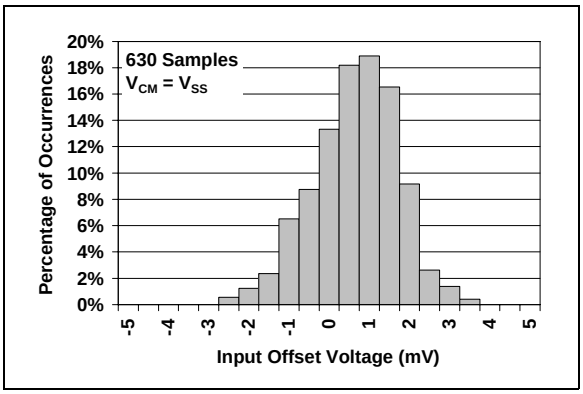


FIGURE 2-1: *Input Offset Voltage.*

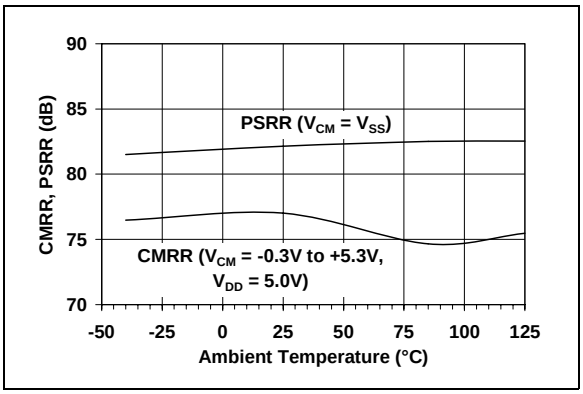


FIGURE 2-4: *CMRR, PSRR vs. Ambient Temperature.*

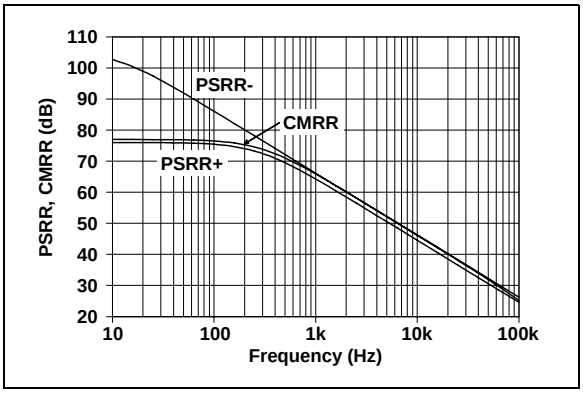


FIGURE 2-2: *PSRR, CMRR vs. Frequency.*

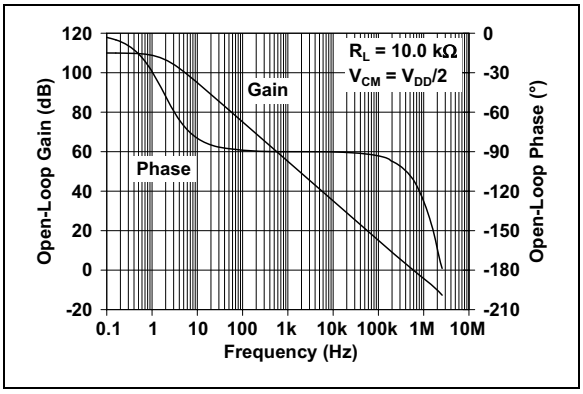


FIGURE 2-5: *Open-Loop Gain, Phase vs. Frequency.*

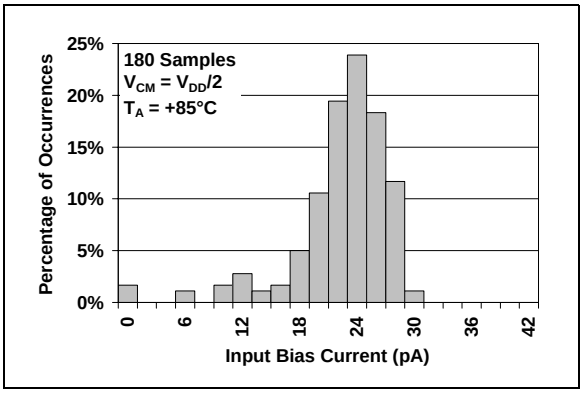


FIGURE 2-3: *Input Bias Current at +85°C.*

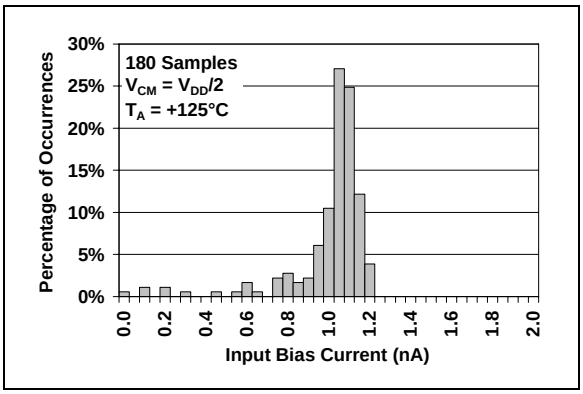


FIGURE 2-6: *Input Bias Current at +125°C.*

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C, V_{DD} = +1.8V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2, V_{OUT} ≈ V_{DD}/2, R_L = 100 kΩ to V_{DD}/2 and C_L = 60 pF.

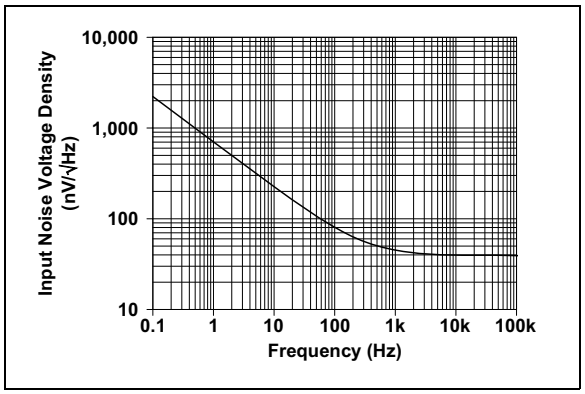


FIGURE 2-7: *Input Noise Voltage Density vs. Frequency.*

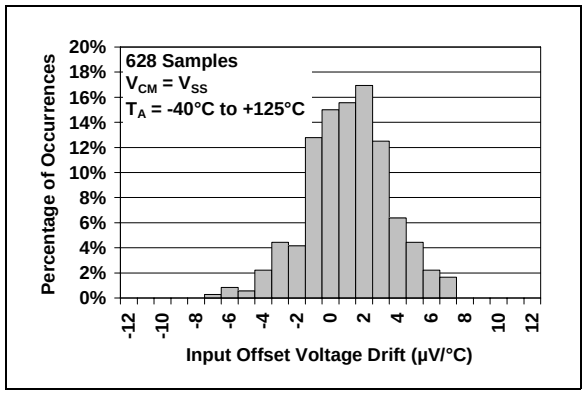


FIGURE 2-10: *Input Offset Voltage Drift.*

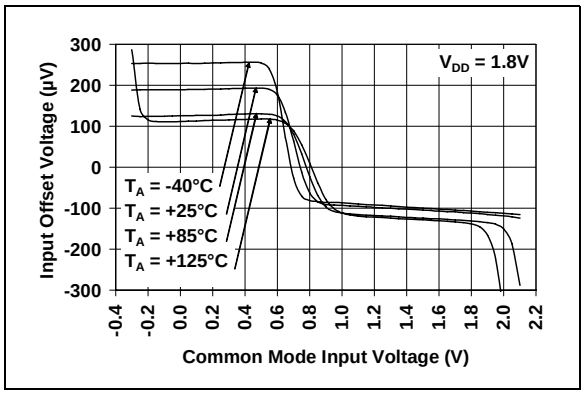


FIGURE 2-8: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 1.8V.*

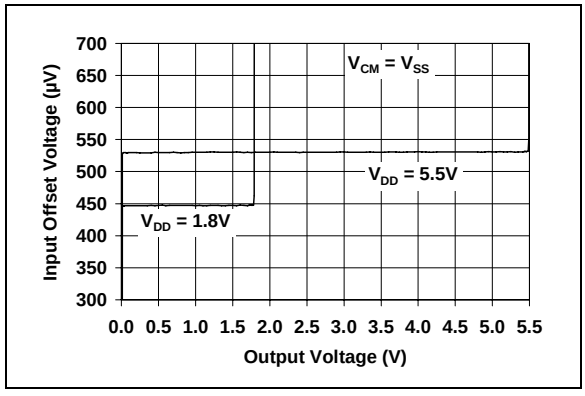


FIGURE 2-11: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Output Voltage.*

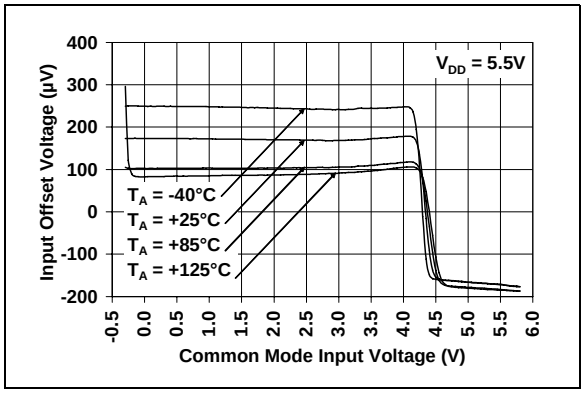


FIGURE 2-9: *Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at V_{DD} = 5.5V.*

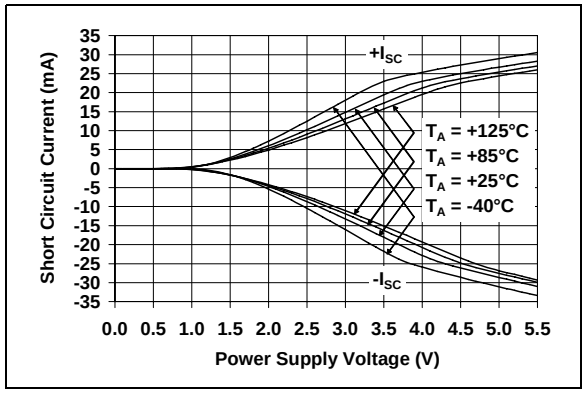


FIGURE 2-12: *Output Short-Circuit Current vs. Ambient Temperature.*

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C, V_{DD} = +1.8V to +5.5V, V_{SS} = GND, V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2, V_{OUT} ≈ V_{DD}/2, R_L = 100 kΩ to V_{DD}/2 and C_L = 60 pF.

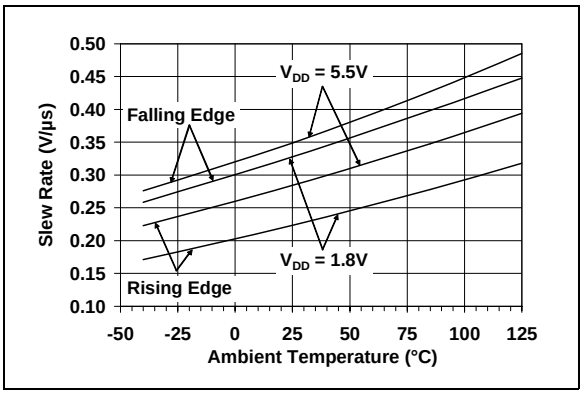


FIGURE 2-13: *Slew Rate vs. Ambient Temperature.*

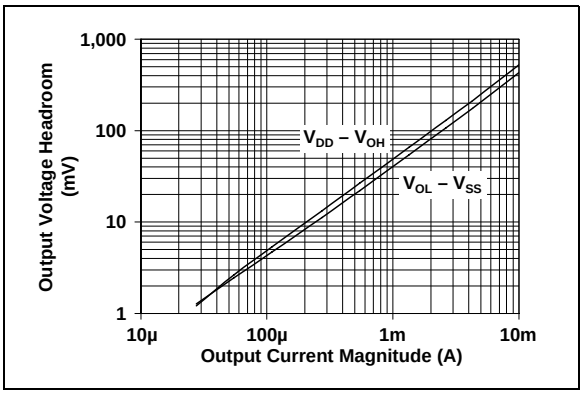


FIGURE 2-14: *Output Voltage Headroom vs. Output Current Magnitude.*

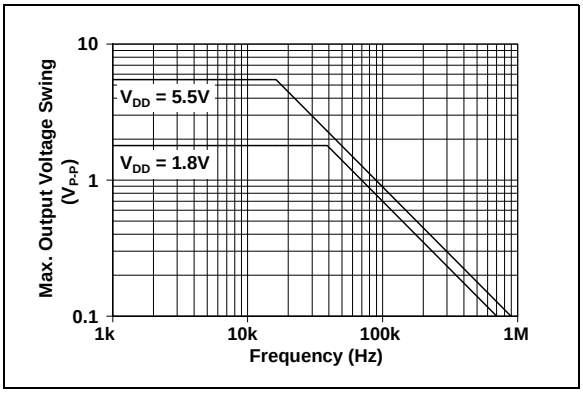


FIGURE 2-15: *Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency.*

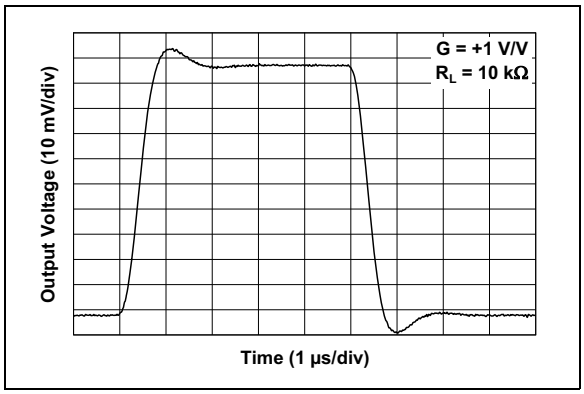


FIGURE 2-16: *Small-Signal, Non-Inverting Pulse Response.*

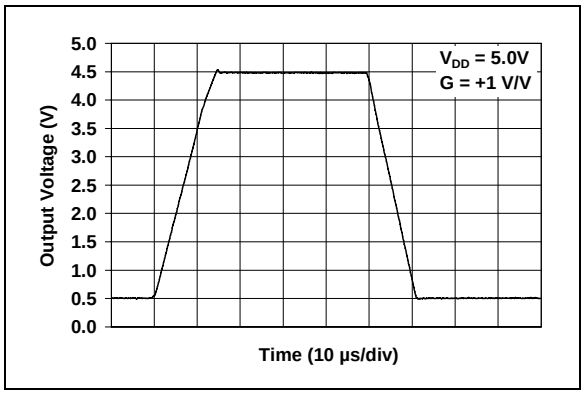


FIGURE 2-17: *Large-Signal, Non-Inverting Pulse Response.*

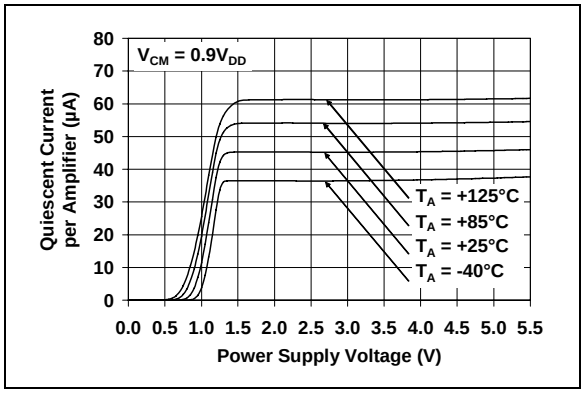


FIGURE 2-18: *Quiescent Current vs. Power Supply Voltage.*

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1 (single op amps) and Table 3-2 (dual and quad op amps).

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE FOR SINGLE OP AMPS

MCP6241 (PDIP, SOIC, MSOP)	MCP6241 (SOT-23-5)	MCP6241R (SOT-23-5)	MCP6241U (SOT-23-5)	Symbol	Description
6	1	1	4	V_{OUT}	Analog Output
2	4	4	3	$V_{IN}-$	Inverting Input
3	3	3	1	$V_{IN}+$	Non-inverting Input
7	5	2	5	V_{DD}	Positive Power Supply
4	2	5	2	V_{SS}	Negative Power Supply
1, 5, 8	—	—	—	NC	No Internal Connection

TABLE 3-2: PIN FUNCTION TABLE FOR DUAL AND QUAD OP AMPS

MCP6242	MCP6244	Symbol	Description
1	1	V_{OUTA}	Analog Output (op amp A)
2	2	$V_{INA}-$	Inverting Input (op amp A)
3	3	$V_{INA}+$	Non-inverting Input (op amp A)
8	4	V_{DD}	Positive Power Supply
5	5	$V_{INB}+$	Non-inverting Input (op amp B)
6	6	$V_{INB}-$	Inverting Input (op amp B)
7	7	V_{OUTB}	Analog Output (op amp B)
—	8	V_{OUTC}	Analog Output (op amp C)
—	9	$V_{INC}-$	Inverting Input (op amp C)
—	10	$V_{INC}+$	Non-inverting Input (op amp C)
4	11	V_{SS}	Negative Power Supply
—	12	$V_{IND}+$	Non-inverting Input (op amp D)
—	13	$V_{IND}-$	Inverting Input (op amp D)
—	14	V_{OUTD}	Analog Output (op amp D)

3.1 Analog Outputs

The output pins are low-impedance voltage sources.

3.2 Analog Inputs

The non-inverting and inverting inputs are high-impedance CMOS inputs with low bias currents.

3.3 Power Supply (V_{SS} and V_{DD})

The positive power supply (V_{DD}) is 1.8V to 5.5V higher than the negative power supply (V_{SS}). For normal operation, the other pins are between V_{SS} and V_{DD}.

Typically, these parts are used in a single-(positive) supply configuration. In this case, V_{SS} is connected to ground and V_{DD} is connected to the supply. V_{DD} will need a local bypass capacitor (typically 0.01 µF to 0.1 µF) within 2 mm of the V_{DD} pin. These parts can share a bulk capacitor (typically 1 µF to 100 µF) with other nearby analog parts; it needs to be within 100 mm of the V_{DD} pin.

4.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MCP6241/2/4 family of op amps is manufactured using Microchip's state-of-the-art CMOS process and is specifically designed for low-power and general-purpose applications. The low supply voltage, low quiescent current and wide bandwidth makes the MCP6241/2/4 ideal for battery-powered applications.

4.1 Rail-to-Rail Inputs

The MCP6241/2/4 op amps are designed to prevent phase reversal when the input pins exceed the supply voltages. Figure 4-1 shows the input voltage exceeding the supply voltage without any phase reversal.

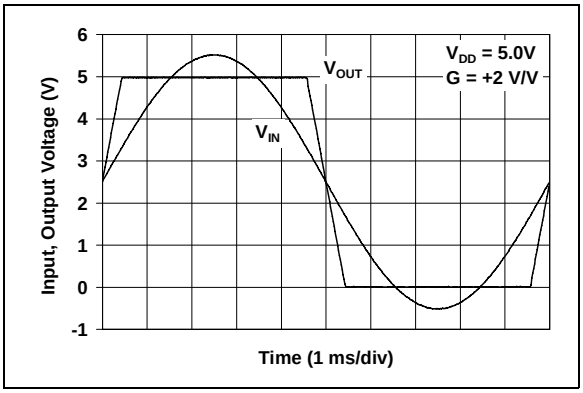


FIGURE 4-1: *The MCP6241/2/4 Show No Phase Reversal.*

The input stage of the MCP6241/2/4 op amps use two differential input stages in parallel. One operates at low common mode input voltage (V_{CM}) and the other at high V_{CM}. With this topology, the device operates with V_{CM} up to 300 mV above V_{DD} and 300 mV below V_{SS}. The Input Offset Voltage is measured at $V_{CM} = V_{SS} - 300$ mV and $V_{DD} + 300$ mV to ensure proper operation.

Input voltages that exceed the input voltage range ($V_{SS} - 0.3V$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3V$ at 25°C) can cause excessive current to flow into or out of the input pins. Current beyond ±2 mA can cause reliability problems. Applications that exceed this rating must be externally limited with a resistor, as shown in Figure 4-2.

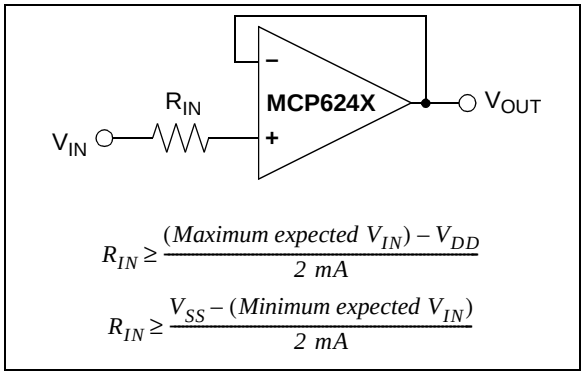


FIGURE 4-2: *Input Current-Limiting Resistor (R_{IN}).*

4.2 Rail-to-Rail Output

The output voltage range of the MCP6241/2/4 op amps is $V_{DD} - 35$ mV (max.) and $V_{SS} + 35$ mV (min.) when $R_L = 10\ k\Omega$ is connected to $V_{DD}/2$ and $V_{DD} = 5.5V$. Refer to Figure 2-14 for more information.

4.3 Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage-feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases and the closed-loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity-gain buffer (G = +1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 70 pF when G = +1), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 4-3) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. The bandwidth will be generally lower than the bandwidth with no capacitive load.

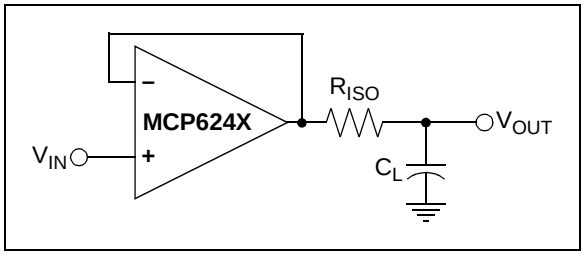


FIGURE 4-3: *Output resistor, R_{ISO} stabilizes large capacitive loads.*

Figure 4-4 gives recommended R_{ISO} values for different capacitive loads and gains. The x-axis is the normalized load capacitance (C_L/G_N), where G_N is the circuit's noise gain. For non-inverting gains, G_N and the signal gain are equal. For inverting gains, G_N is 1 + |Signal Gain| (e.g., –1 V/V gives G_N = +2 V/V).

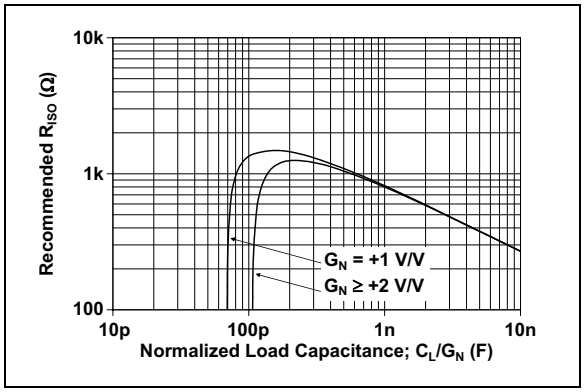


FIGURE 4-4: *Recommended R_{ISO} Values for Capacitive Loads.*

After selecting R_{ISO} for your circuit, double-check the resulting frequency response peaking and step response overshoot. Evaluation on the bench and simulations with the MCP6241/2/4 SPICE macro model are very helpful. Modify R_{ISO}'s value until the response is reasonable.

4.4 Supply Bypass

With this op amp, the power supply pin (V_{DD} for single-supply) should have a local bypass capacitor (i.e., 0.01 µF to 0.1 µF) within 2 mm for good high-frequency performance. It can use a bulk capacitor (i.e., 1 µF or larger) within 100 mm to provide large, slow currents. This bulk capacitor can be shared with other nearby analog parts.

4.5 Unused Op Amps

An unused op amp in a quad package (MCP6244) should be configured as shown in Figure 4-5. Both circuits prevent the output from toggling and causing crosstalk. Circuit A can use any reference voltage between the supplies, provides a buffered DC voltage, and minimizes the supply current draw of the unused op amp. Circuit B minimizes the number of components, but may draw a little more supply current for the unused op amp.

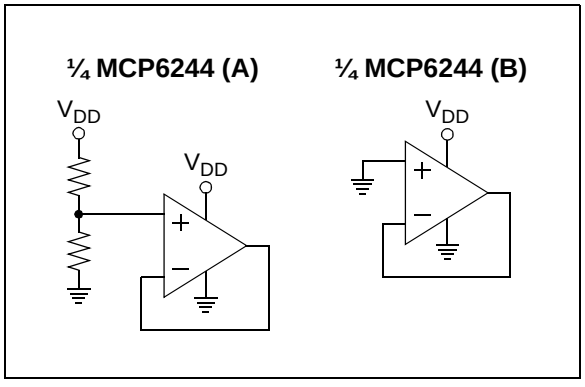


FIGURE 4-5: *Unused Op Amps.*

4.6 PCB Surface Leakage

In applications where low input bias current is critical, PCB (printed circuit board) surface leakage effects need to be considered. Surface leakage is caused by humidity, dust or other contamination on the board. Under low humidity conditions, a typical resistance between nearby traces is $10^{12}\Omega$. A 5V difference would cause 5 pA of current to flow, which is greater than the MCP6241/2/4 family's bias current at 25°C (1 pA, typ.).

The easiest way to reduce surface leakage is to use a guard ring around sensitive pins (or traces). The guard ring is biased at the same voltage as the sensitive pin. An example of this type of layout is shown in Figure 4-6.

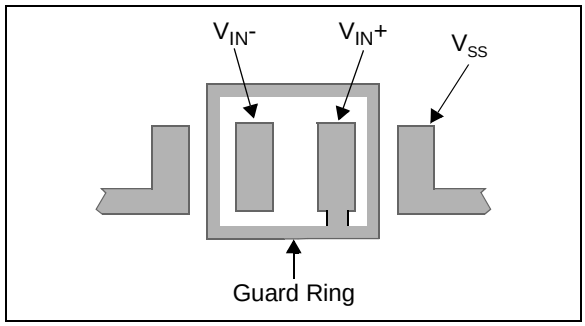


FIGURE 4-6: *Example Guard Ring Layout for Inverting Gain.*

1. Non-inverting Gain and Unity-Gain Buffer:
   a. Connect the non-inverting pin (V_{IN}+) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.
   b. Connect the guard ring to the inverting input pin (V_{IN}–). This biases the guard ring to the common mode input voltage.
2. Inverting Gain and Transimpedance Amplifiers (convert current to voltage, such as photo detectors):
   a. Connect the guard ring to the non-inverting input pin (V_{IN}+). This biases the guard ring to the same reference voltage as the op amp (e.g., $V_{DD}/2$ or ground).
   b. Connect the inverting pin (V_{IN}–) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.

4.7 Application Circuits

4.7.1 MATCHING THE IMPEDANCE AT THE INPUTS

To minimize the effect of offset voltage in an amplifier circuit, the impedances at the inverting and non-inverting inputs need to be matched. This is done by choosing the circuit resistor values so that the total resistance at each input is the same. Figure 4-7 shows a summing amplifier circuit.

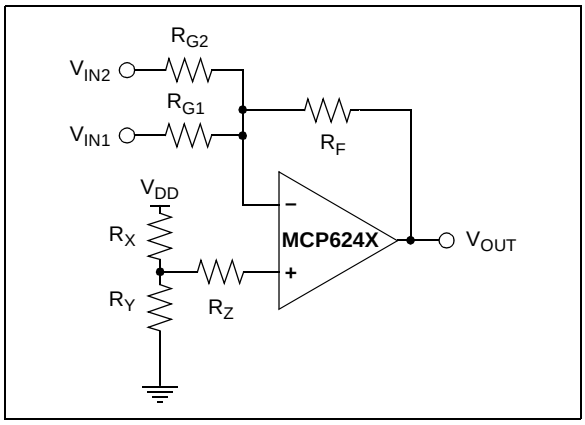


FIGURE 4-7: *Summing Amplifier Circuit.*

To match the inputs, set all voltage sources to ground and calculate the total resistance at the input nodes. In this summing amplifier circuit, the resistance at the inverting input is calculated by setting V_{IN1}, V_{IN2} and V_{OUT} to ground. In this case, R_{G1}, R_{G2} and R_F are in parallel. The total resistance at the inverting input is:

$$R_{VIN-} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_{G1}} + \frac{1}{R_{G2}} + \frac{1}{R_F}\right)}$$

Where:

R_{VIN-} = total resistance at the inverting input

At the non-inverting input, V_{DD} is the only voltage source. When V_{DD} is set to ground, both R_X and R_Y are in parallel. The total resistance at the non-inverting input is:

$$R_{VIN+} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_X} + \frac{1}{R_Y}\right)} + R_Z$$

Where:

R_{VIN+} = total resistance at the inverting input

To minimize offset voltage and increase circuit accuracy, the resistor values need to meet the condition:

$$R_{VIN+} = R_{VIN-}$$

4.7.2 COMPENSATING FOR THE PARASITIC CAPACITANCE

In analog circuit design, the PCB parasitic capacitance can compromise the circuit behavior; Figure 4-8 shows a typical scenario. If the input of an amplifier sees parasitic capacitance of several picofarad (C_{PARA}, which includes the common mode capacitance of 6 pF, typical) and large R_F and R_G, the frequency response of the circuit will include a zero. This parasitic zero introduces gain peaking and can cause circuit instability.

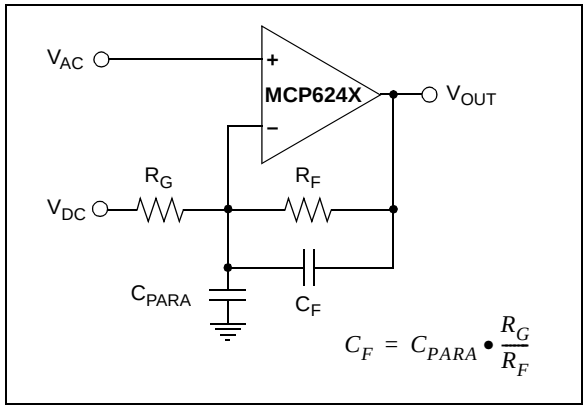


FIGURE 4-8: *Effect of Parasitic Capacitance at the Input.*

One solution is to use smaller resistor values to push the zero to a higher frequency. Another solution is to compensate by introducing a pole at the point at which the zero occurs. This can be done by adding C_F in parallel with the feedback resistor (R_F). C_F needs to be selected so that the ratio C_{PARA}:C_F is equal to the ratio of R_F:R_G.

5.0 DESIGN TOOLS

Microchip provides the basic design tools needed for the MCP6241/2/4 family of op amps.

5.1 SPICE Macro Model

The latest SPICE macro model for the MCP6241/2/4 op amps is available on our web site at www.microchip.com. This model is intended to be an initial design tool that works well in the op amp's linear region of operation at room temperature. See the macro model file for information on its capabilities.

Bench testing is a very important part of any design and cannot be replaced with simulations. Also, simulation results using this macro model need to be validated by comparing them to the data sheet specifications and characteristic curves.

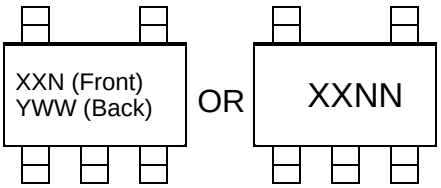
5.2 FilterLab® Software

Microchip's FilterLab software is an innovative tool that simplifies analog active-filter (using op amps) design. Available at no cost from our web site at www.microchip.com, the FilterLab design tool provides full schematic diagrams of the filter circuit with component values. It also outputs the filter circuit in SPICE format, which can be used with the macro model to simulate actual filter performance.

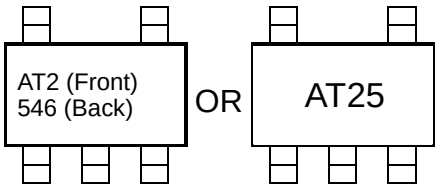
6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

6.1 Package Marking Information

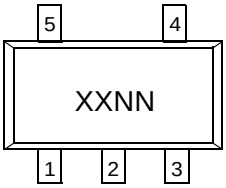
5-Lead SC-70 **(MCP6241U Only)**



Example:



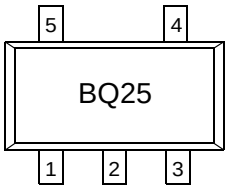
5-Lead SOT-23



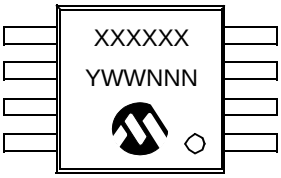
Device	Code
MCP6241	BQNN
MCP6241R	BRNN
MCP6241U	BSNN

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SOT-23.

Example:

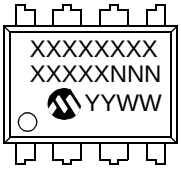


8-Lead MSOP

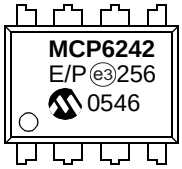


Example:

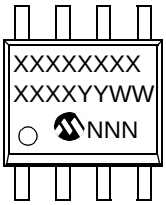
8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)



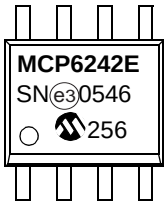
Example:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil)



Example:

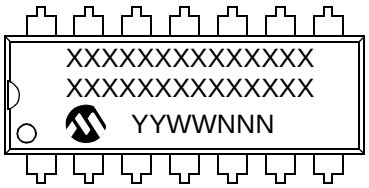


Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3)) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

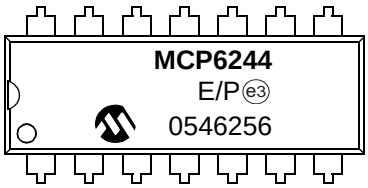
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

Package Marking Information (Continued)

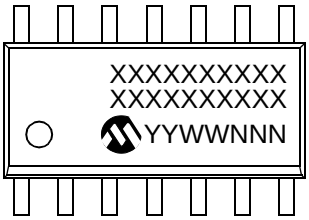
14-Lead PDIP (300 mil) (**MCP6244**)



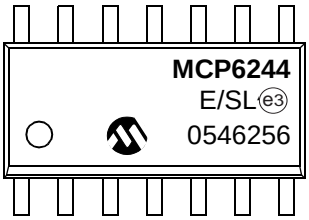
Example:



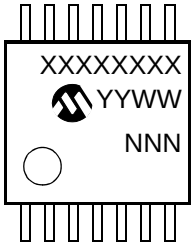
14-Lead SOIC (150 mil) (**MCP6244**)



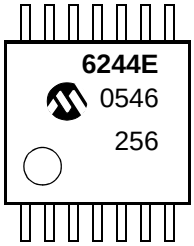
Example:



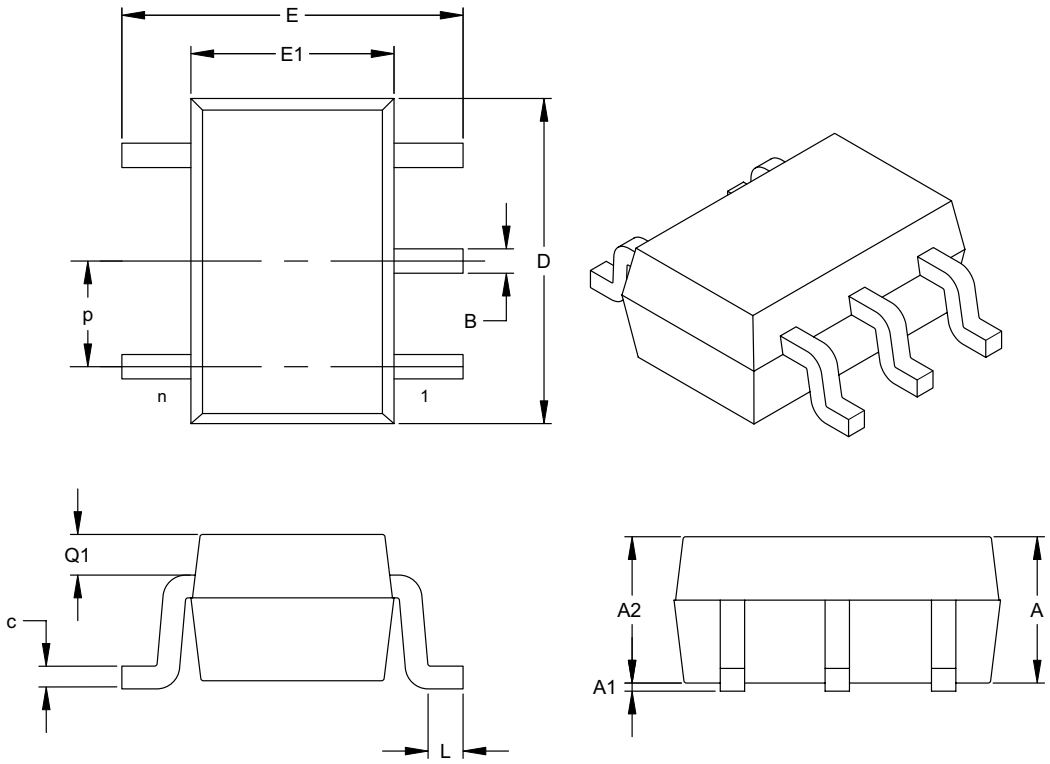
14-Lead TSSOP (**MCP6244**)



Example:



5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor Package (LT) (SC-70)



Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		5			5	
Pitch	p		.026 (BSC)			0.65 (BSC)	
Overall Height	A	.031		.043	0.80		1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.031		.039	0.80		1.00
Standoff	A1	.000		.004	0.00		0.10
Overall Width	E	.071		.094	1.80		2.40
Molded Package Width	E1	.045		.053	1.15		1.35
Overall Length	D	.071		.087	1.80		2.20
Foot Length	L	.004		.012	0.10		0.30
Top of Molded Pkg to Lead Shoulder	Q1	.004		.016	0.10		0.40
Lead Thickness	c	.004		.007	0.10		0.18
Lead Width	B	.006		.012	0.15		0.30

*Controlling Parameter

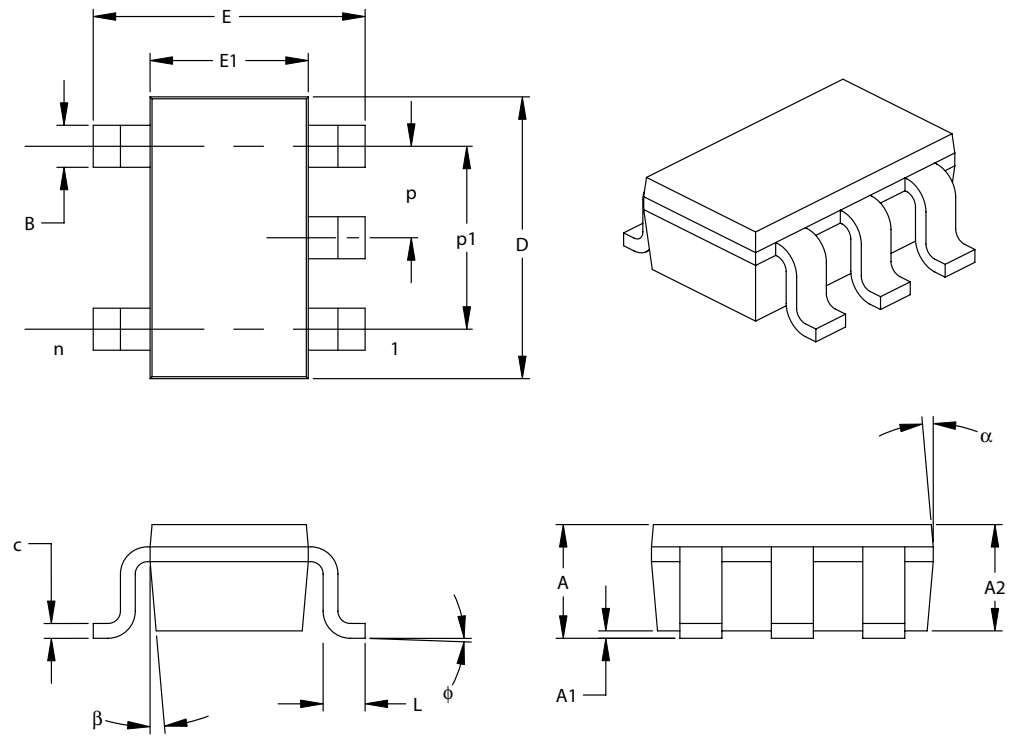
Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" (0.127mm) per side.

JEITA (EIAJ) Standard: SC-70

Drawing No. C04-061

5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) (SOT23)



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		5			5	
Pitch	p		.038			0.95	
Outside lead pitch (basic)	p1		.075			1.90	
Overall Height	A	.035	.046	.057	0.90	1.18	1.45
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.035	.043	.051	0.90	1.10	1.30
Standoff	A1	.000	.003	.006	0.00	0.08	0.15
Overall Width	E	.102	.110	.118	2.60	2.80	3.00
Molded Package Width	E1	.059	.064	.069	1.50	1.63	1.75
Overall Length	D	.110	.116	.122	2.80	2.95	3.10
Foot Length	L	.014	.018	.022	0.35	0.45	0.55
Foot Angle	ϕ	0	5	10	0	5	10
Lead Thickness	c	.004	.006	.008	0.09	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	B	.014	.017	.020	0.35	0.43	0.50
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	5	10	0	5	10
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	5	10	0	5	10

*Controlling Parameter

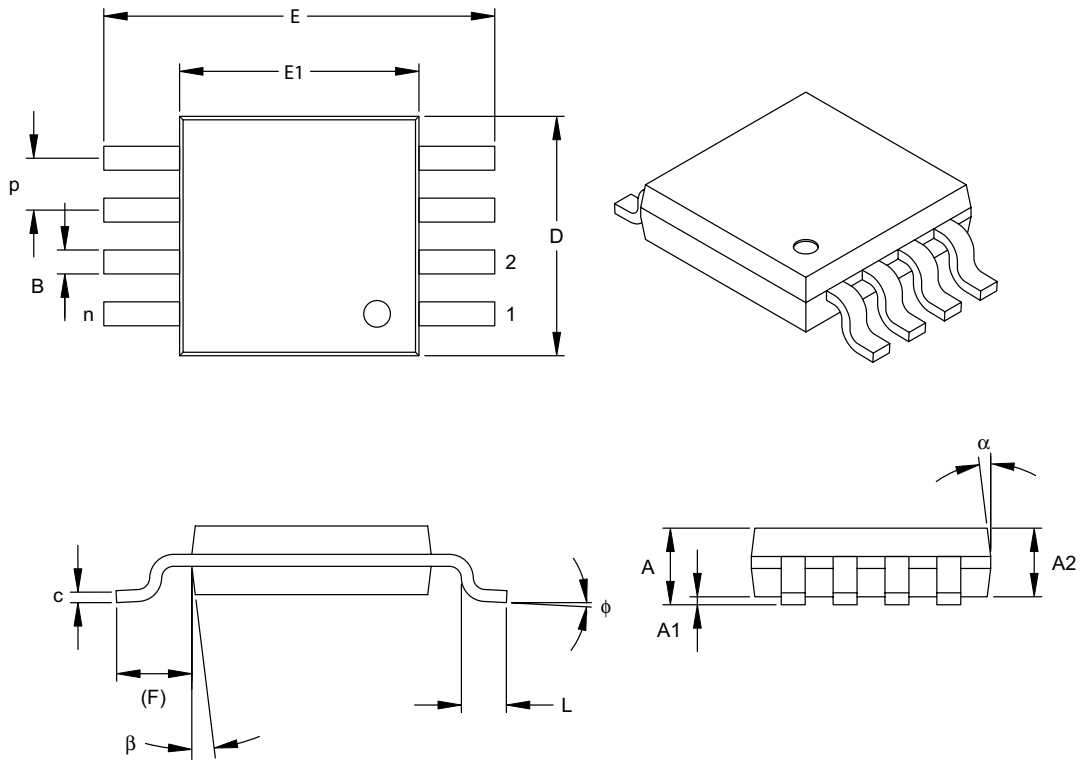
Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" (0.127mm) per side.

EIAJ Equivalent: SC-74A

Drawing No. C04-091

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) (MSOP)



Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.026 BSC			0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	.043	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.030	.033	.037	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	.000	-	.006	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		.193 TYP.			4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		.118 BSC			3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		.118 BSC			3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	.016	.024	.031	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint (Reference)	F		.037 REF			0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	.003	.006	.009	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	B	.009	.012	.016	0.22	-	0.40
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°

*Controlling Parameter

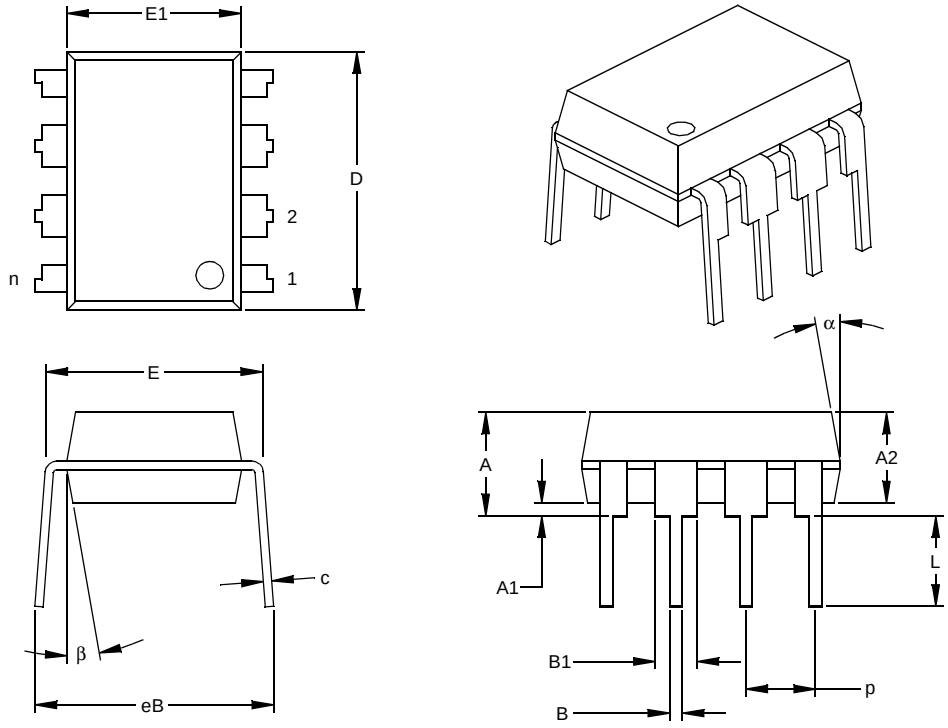
Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-187

Drawing No. C04-111

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 300 mil (PDIP)

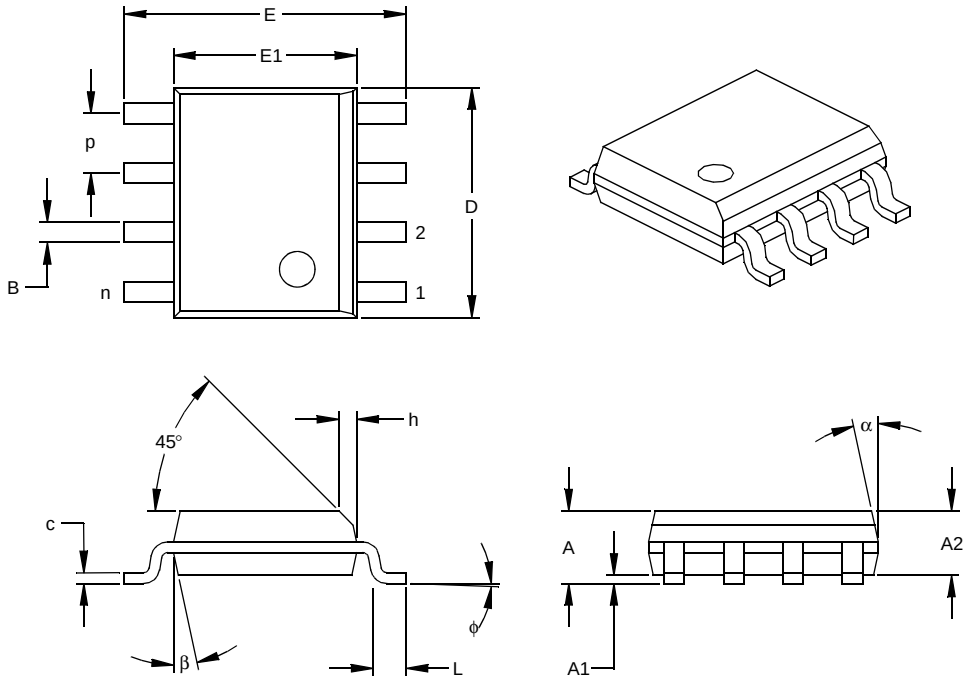


Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010” (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001
Drawing No. C04-018

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)

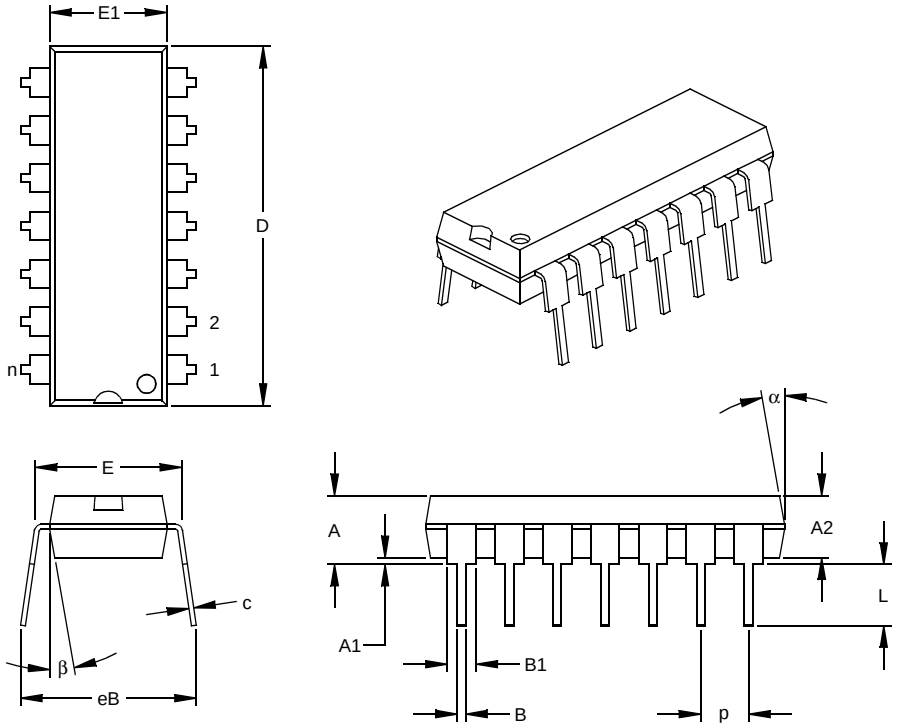


Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	E	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	0.48	0.62	0.76
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	B	.013	.017	.020	0.33	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010” (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012
Drawing No. C04-057

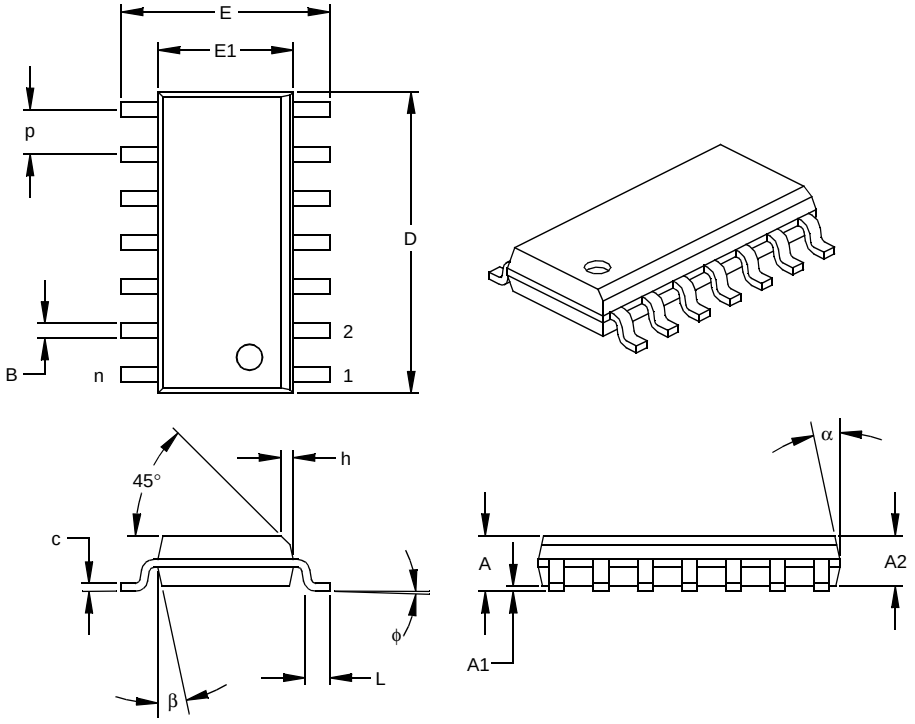
14-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 300 mil (PDIP)



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		14			14	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.740	.750	.760	18.80	19.05	19.30
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic
Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010” (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001
Drawing No. C04-005

14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) – Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)

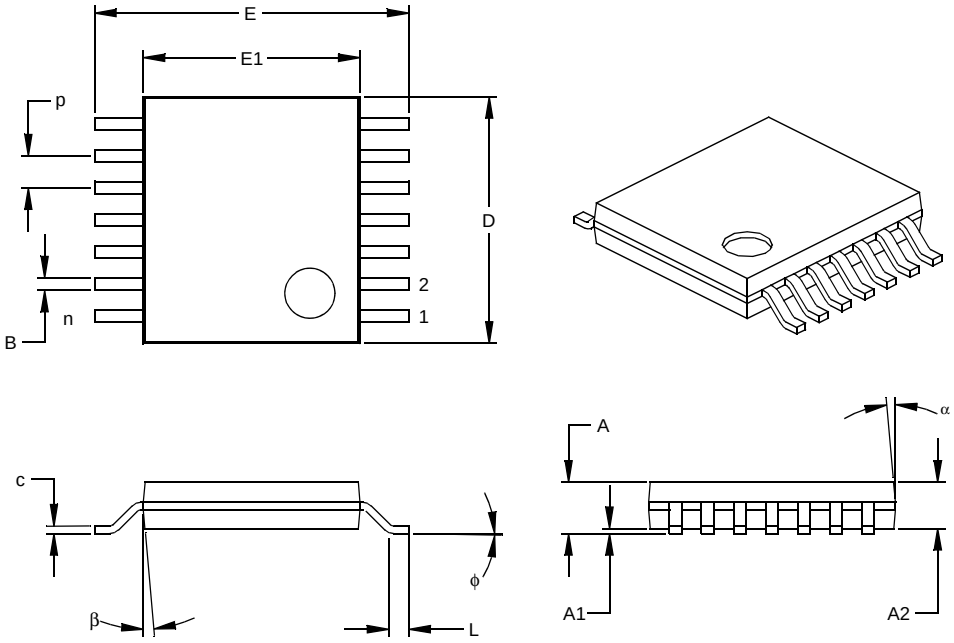


Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		14			14	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	E	.228	.236	.244	5.79	5.99	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.150	.154	.157	3.81	3.90	3.99
Overall Length	D	.337	.342	.347	8.56	8.69	8.81
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.016	.033	.050	0.41	0.84	1.27
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	B	.014	.017	.020	0.36	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010” (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012
Drawing No. C04-065

14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm (TSSOP)



Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		14			14	
Pitch	p		.026			0.65	
Overall Height	A			.043			1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.033	.035	.037	0.85	0.90	0.95
Standoff §	A1	.002	.004	.006	0.05	0.10	0.15
Overall Width	E	.246	.251	.256	6.25	6.38	6.50
Molded Package Width	E1	.169	.173	.177	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	.193	.197	.201	4.90	5.00	5.10
Foot Length	L	.020	.024	.028	0.50	0.60	0.70
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.004	.006	.008	0.09	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	B1	.007	.010	.012	0.19	0.25	0.30
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	5	10	0	5	10
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	5	10	0	5	10

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005” (0.127mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MO-153
Drawing No. C04-087

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision C (March 2005)

The following is the list of modifications:

1. Added the MCP6244 quad op amp.
2. Re-compensated parts. Specifications that change are: Gain Bandwidth Product (BWP) and Phase Margin (PM) in AC Electrical Characteristics table.
3. Corrected plots in **Section 2.0 "Typical Performance Curves"**.
4. Added **Section 3.0 "Pin Descriptions"**.
5. Added new SC-70 package markings. Added PDIP-14, SOIC-14, and TSSOP-14 packages and corrected package marking information (**Section 6.0 "Packaging Information"**).
6. Added **Appendix A: "Revision History"**.

Revision B (August 2004)

Revision A (March 2004)

- Original Release of this Document.

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	X	-X	/XX
Device	Tape and Reel and/or Alternate Pinout	Temperature Range	Package

Device:	MCP6241:	Single Op Amp (MSOP, PDIP, SOIC)
	MCP6241T:	Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (MSOP, SOIC, SOT-23)
	MCP6241RT:	Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOT-23)
	MCP6241UT:	Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SC-70, SOT-23)
	MCP6242:	Dual Op Amp
	MCP6242T:	Dual Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (MSOP, SOIC)
	MCP6244:	Quad Op Amp
	MCP6244T:	Quad Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOIC, TSSOP)
Temperature Range:	E =	-40°C to +125°C
Package:	LT =	Plastic Package (SC-70), 5-lead (MCP6241U only)
	MS =	Plastic Micro Small Outline (MSOP), 8-lead
	P =	Plastic DIP (300 mil Body), 8-lead, 14-lead
	OT =	Plastic Small Outline Transistor (SOT-23), 5-lead (MCP6241, MCP6241R, MCP6241U)
	SN =	Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 8-lead
	SL =	Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 14-lead
	ST =	Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mil Body), 14-lead

Examples:

a)	MCP6241-E/SN:	Extended Temp., 8LD SOIC package.
b)	MCP6241-E/MS:	Extended Temp., 8LD MSOP package.
c)	MCP6241-E/P:	Extended Temp., 8LD PDIP package.
d)	MCP6241RT-E/OT:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 5LD SOT-23 package
e)	MCP6241UT-E/OT:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 5LD SOT-23 package.
f)	MCP6241UT-E/LT:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 5LD SC-70 package.
a)	MCP6242-E/SN:	Extended Temp., 8LD SOIC package.
b)	MCP6242-E/MS:	Extended Temp., 8LD MSOP package.
c)	MCP6242-E/P:	Extended Temp., 8LD PDIP package.
d)	MCP6242T-E/SN:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 8LD SOIC package.
a)	MCP6244-E/P:	Extended Temp., 14LD PDIP package.
b)	MCP6244-E/SL:	Extended Temp., 14LD SOIC package.
c)	MCP6244-E/ST:	Extended Temp., 14LD TSSOP package.
d)	MCP6244T-E/SL:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 14LD SOIC package.
e)	MCP6244T-E/ST:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temp., 14LD TSSOP package.

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
CERTIFIED BY DNV
ISO/TS 16949:2002

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2002 quality system certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona and Mountain View, California in October 2003. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PICmicro® 8-bit MCUs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.

WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

AMERICAS

Corporate Office
2355 West Chandler Blvd.
Chandler, AZ 85224-6199
Tel: 480-792-7200
Fax: 480-792-7277
Technical Support:
http://support.microchip.com
Web Address:
www.microchip.com

Atlanta
Alpharetta, GA
Tel: 770-640-0034
Fax: 770-640-0307

Boston
Westborough, MA
Tel: 774-760-0087
Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago
Itasca, IL
Tel: 630-285-0071
Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas
Addison, TX
Tel: 972-818-7423
Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit
Farmington Hills, MI
Tel: 248-538-2250
Fax: 248-538-2260

Kokomo
Kokomo, IN
Tel: 765-864-8360
Fax: 765-864-8387

Los Angeles
Mission Viejo, CA
Tel: 949-462-9523
Fax: 949-462-9608

San Jose
Mountain View, CA
Tel: 650-215-1444
Fax: 650-961-0286

Toronto
Mississauga, Ontario,
Canada
Tel: 905-673-0699
Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia - Sydney
Tel: 61-2-9868-6733
Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing
Tel: 86-10-8528-2100
Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu
Tel: 86-28-8676-6200
Fax: 86-28-8676-6599

China - Fuzhou
Tel: 86-591-8750-3506
Fax: 86-591-8750-3521

China - Hong Kong SAR
Tel: 852-2401-1200
Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Shanghai
Tel: 86-21-5407-5533
Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang
Tel: 86-24-2334-2829
Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen
Tel: 86-755-8203-2660
Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Shunde
Tel: 86-757-2839-5507
Fax: 86-757-2839-5571

China - Qingdao
Tel: 86-532-502-7355
Fax: 86-532-502-7205

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore
Tel: 91-80-2229-0061
Fax: 91-80-2229-0062

India - New Delhi
Tel: 91-11-5160-8631
Fax: 91-11-5160-8632

Japan - Kanagawa
Tel: 81-45-471- 6166
Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea - Seoul
Tel: 82-2-554-7200
Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or
82-2-558-5934

Singapore
Tel: 65-6334-8870
Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Kaohsiung
Tel: 886-7-536-4818
Fax: 886-7-536-4803

Taiwan - Taipei
Tel: 886-2-2500-6610
Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Taiwan - Hsinchu
Tel: 886-3-572-9526
Fax: 886-3-572-6459

EUROPE

Austria - Weis
Tel: 43-7242-2244-399
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Ballerup
Tel: 45-4450-2828
Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Massy
Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Ismaning
Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan
Tel: 39-0331-742611
Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands - Drunen
Tel: 31-416-690399
Fax: 31-416-690340

England - Berkshire
Tel: 44-118-921-5869
Fax: 44-118-921-5820

03/01/05